

For bag-like article conveyance

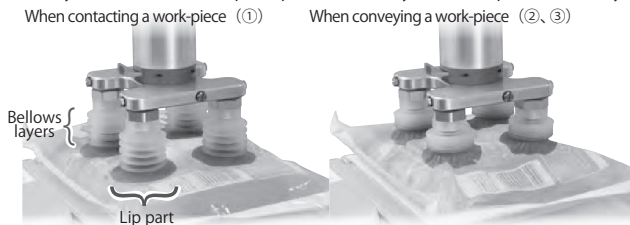
Vacuum pad For packaging bag

862

■ Two selections for pad hardness and bellows layers, three selections for pad size.

■ Three features realize followability to speedy and precise movement of conveyance robot.

- ① 5 layers of bellows absorb the shock when contacting a work-piece and follow the inclined surface.
(3 layers and 5 layers can be selected according to a work-piece angle and conveyance speed.)
- ② Lip part follows the surface of a work-piece. (Two selections for lip hardness according to work-pieces)
- ③ Bellows layers contract and help the posture stability of a work-piece in conveyance.



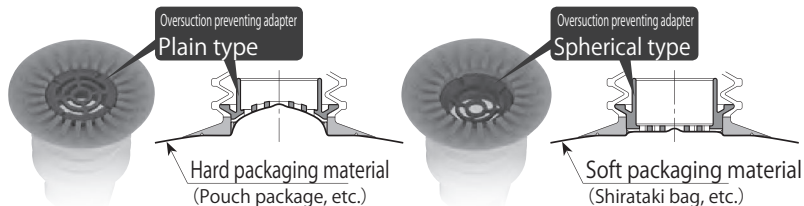


Vacuum Pad Series

Vacuum pad for packaging bag

■ Features

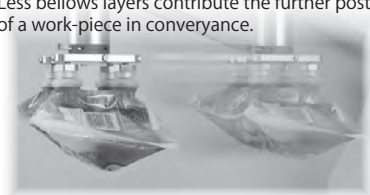
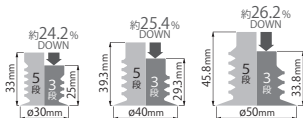
- Two selections for oversuction preventing adapter, according to the packaging material.



- Contributing space-saving and followability to high-speed conveyance. 3 bellows layers type is also available.

Compared to 5 bellows layers, approx. 25.3% shorter.

Less bellows layers contribute the further posture stability of a work-piece in conveyance.



- For work-piece contacting parts, Food Safe Act. (Japan) complied and FDA equivalent materials(*) are used.

*This product is not FDA certified.

■ Selection list

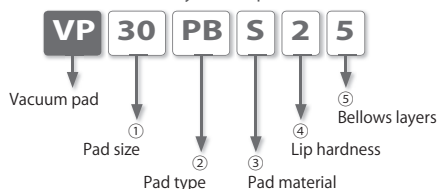
Pad type	For packaging bag
Recommended work-piece	General work-piece of packaging articles
Pad size	3 sizes ø30、ø40、ø50mm
Pad material	1 material Silicone rubber
Bellows layers	2 types 3 layers, 5 layers
Lip hardness	2 types 20° (Pink), 40° (Blue)
Holder size	Holder exclusive for vacuum pad for packaging bag
Holder type	2 types
Fixed type	
Direct mount (Fixed type)	



Vacuum Pad Series

Vacuum pad for packaging bag

Model designation of Pad rubber only (Example)



①. Pad size

Code	30	40	50
Size (mm)	ø30	ø40	ø50
Pad connection configuration code	-PB15		

②. Pad type

Code	PB
Type	For packaging bag

③. Pad material, application

Material	Silicone rubber
Code	S
Application	Packaging articles

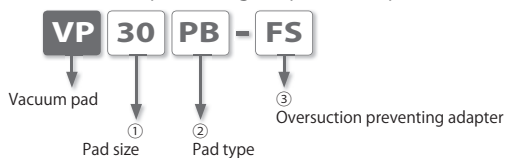
④. Lip hardness

Code	2	4
Hardness	20°	40°

⑤. Bellows layers

Code	3	5
Layers	3	5

Model designation of Oversuction preventing adapter (Example)



①. Pad size

Code	30	40	50
Size (mm)	ø30	ø40	ø50
Pad connection configuration code	-PB15		

②. Pad type

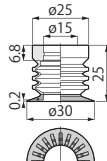
Code	PB
Type	For packaging bag

③. Oversuction preventing adapter

Code	FS	FF
Type	Spherical type	Plain type

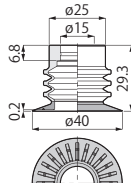
Vacuum pad dimension

VP30PBS[4]3 Weight : 4.8g



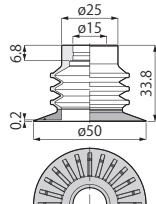
Bellows stroke : 6.4mm

VP40PBS[4]3 Weight : 7.2g



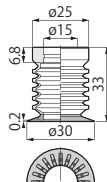
Bellows stroke : 8.1mm

VP50PBS[4]3 Weight : 9.5g



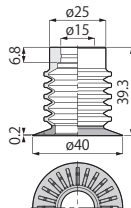
Bellows stroke : 10.0mm

VP30PBS[4]5 Weight : 5.7g



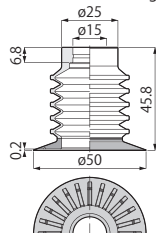
Bellows stroke : 14.4mm

VP40PBS[4]5 Weight : 8.8g



Bellows stroke : 16.0mm

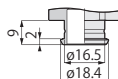
VP50PBS[4]5 Weight : 12g



Bellows stroke : 20.9mm

※ . Bellows strokes above are based on the following conditions : Pad material : Silicone rubber, Pad hardness : 40° (Blue), Lifting direction : Vertical lifting, Work-piece : Acrylic board (Board thickness : 2mm, Work-piece size : square 70mm (weight : 11.6g) for Pad O.D. 30~50mm). Bellows stroke changes depending on the conditions such as material, vacuum level, lifting direction and work-piece, etc. Carry out the evaluation under an actual operating condition.

Dimension of Pad mounting part



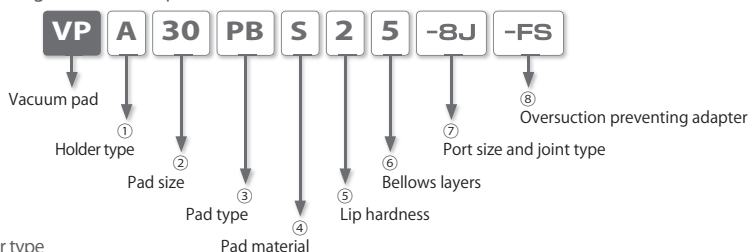
Pad connection configuration code : -PB15





Vacuum Pad Series

Vacuum pad for packaging bag

Model designation (Example)



① . Holder type

Code (※)	A	Code (※)	E
Type	Fixed type, Top port 	Type	Fixed type, Direct mount 

(※) Holder exclusive for vacuum pad for packaging bag.

② . Pad size

Code	30	40	50
Size (mm)	ø30	ø40	ø50
Pad connection configuration code	-PB15		

③ . Pad type

Code	PB
Type	For packaging bag

④ . Pad material, application

Material	Silicone rubber
Code	S
Application	Packaging articles

⑤ . Lip hardness

Code	2	4
Hardness	20°	40°

⑥ . Bellows layers

Code	3	5
Layers	3	5

⑦. Port size and joint type

Port type	Push-in fitting (mm)				Metric male thread				Parallel pipe female thread			
Code	-6J	-8J	-10J	-12J	-M5	-M6	-M8	-M10	-G1	-G2	-G3	-G4
Size	ø6	ø8	ø10	ø12	M5×0.8	M6×1	M8×1	M14×1	G1/8A	G1/4A	G3/8A	G1/2A
Holder code	A	○	○	○	○							
	E					○	○	○	○	○	○	○

⑧. Oversuction preventing adapter

Code	FS	FF
Type	Spherical type	Plain type



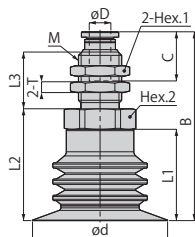
Vacuum Pad Series

Vacuum pad for packaging bag

■ Dimensions for Vacuum pad and holder

VPA Fixed type / Top port / Push-in fitting

Bellows
3 Layers



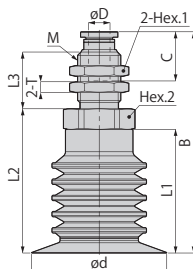
Unit : mm

Model code	Pad O.D. ød	Tube O.D. øD	M	B	L1	L2	L3	C	T	Hex. H1	Hex. H2
VPA30PBS [5]3-6J [8]	30	6	M14×1	59.6	25	32.6	20.5	17	4	17	24
VPA30PBS [5]3-8J [8]		8	M16×1	61.1			21	18.2		19	
VPA30PBS [5]3-10J [8]		10	M20×1	64			22.5	20.7	5	24	
VPA30PBS [5]3-12J [8]		12	M22×1	68.3			25.5	23.3	6	22	27
VPA40PBS [5]3-6J [8]	40	6	M14×1	63.9	29.3	36.9	20.5	17	4	17	24
VPA40PBS [5]3-8J [8]		8	M16×1	65.4			21	18.2		19	
VPA40PBS [5]3-10J [8]		10	M20×1	68.3			22.5	20.7	5	24	
VPA40PBS [5]3-12J [8]		12	M22×1	72.6			25.5	23.3	6	22	27
VPA50PBS [5]3-6J [8]	50	6	M14×1	68.4	33.8	41.4	20.5	17	4	17	24
VPA50PBS [5]3-8J [8]		8	M16×1	69.9			21	18.2		19	
VPA50PBS [5]3-10J [8]		10	M20×1	72.8			22.5	20.7	5	24	
VPA50PBS [5]3-12J [8]		12	M22×1	77.1			25.5	23.3	6	22	27

※ : [5] : Replaced with Lip hardness code. [8] : Replaced with Oversuction preventing adapter code. See P.867 for details.

VPA Fixed type / Top port / Push-in fitting

Bellows
5 Layers



Unit : mm

Model code	Pad. O.D. ød	Tube O.D. øD	M	B	L1	L2	L3	C	T	Hex. H1	Hex. H2
VPA30PBS [5S-6J] [8]	30	6	M14×1	67.6	33	40.6	20.5	17	4	17	24
VPA30PBS [5S-8J] [8]		8	M16×1	69.1			21	18.2		19	
VPA30PBS [5S-10J] [8]		10	M20×1	72			22.5	20.7		24	
VPA30PBS [5S-12J] [8]		12	M22×1	76.3			25.5	23.3		22	
VPA40PBS [5S-6J] [8]	40	6	M14×1	73.9	39.3	46.9	20.5	17	4	17	24
VPA40PBS [5S-8J] [8]		8	M16×1	75.4			21	18.2		19	
VPA40PBS [5S-10J] [8]		10	M20×1	78.3			22.5	20.7		24	
VPA40PBS [5S-12J] [8]		12	M22×1	82.6			25.5	23.3		22	
VPA50PBS [5S-6J] [8]	50	6	M14×1	80.4	45.8	53.4	20.5	17	4	17	24
VPA50PBS [5S-8J] [8]		8	M16×1	81.9			21	18.2		19	
VPA50PBS [5S-10J] [8]		10	M20×1	84.8			22.5	20.7		24	
VPA50PBS [5S-12J] [8]		12	M22×1	89.1			25.5	23.3		22	

※ : [5] : Replaced with Lip hardness code. [8] : Replaced with Oversuction preventing adapter code. See P.867 for details.

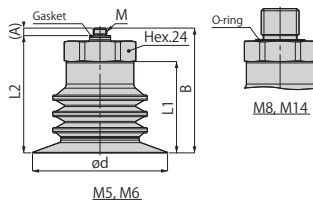


Vacuum Pad Series

Vacuum pad for packaging bag

VPE Fixed type / Direct mount / Metric thread

Bellows
3 Layers



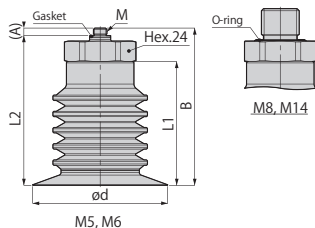
Unit : mm

Model code	Pad O.D. ød	M	A	B	L1	L2	Pad connection configuration code
VPE30PBS [3]-M5[8]	30	M5×0.8	2.8	37.4	25	34.6	-PB15
VPE30PBS [3]-M6[8]		M6×1	3.8	38.4		32.6	
VPE30PBS [3]-M8[8]		M8×1	6	38.6			
VPE30PBS [3]-M14[8]		M14×1	12	44.6		38.9	
VPE40PBS [3]-M5[8]	40	M5×0.8	2.8	41.7	29.3		
VPE40PBS [3]-M6[8]		M6×1	3.8	42.7		36.9	
VPE40PBS [3]-M8[8]		M8×1	6	42.9			
VPE40PBS [3]-M14[8]		M14×1	12	48.9		33.8	
VPE50PBS [3]-M5[8]	50	M5×0.8	2.8	46.2	41.4		
VPE50PBS [3]-M6[8]		M6×1	3.8	47.2			
VPE50PBS [3]-M8[8]		M8×1	6	47.4			
VPE50PBS [3]-M14[8]		M14×1	12	53.4			

※ [3]: Replaced with Lip hardness code. [8]: Replaced with Oversuction preventing adapter code. See P. 867 for details.

VPE Fixed type / Direct mount / Metric thread

Bellows
5 Layers



Unit : mm

Model code	Pad O.D. ød	M	A	B	L1	L2	Pad connection configuration code
VPE30PBS [5]S-M5[8]	30	M5×0.8	2.8	45.4	33	42.6	-PB15
VPE30PBS [5]S-M6[8]		M6×1	3.8	46.4			
VPE30PBS [5]S-M8[8]		M8×1	6	46.6		40.6	
VPE30PBS [5]S-M14[8]		M14×1	12	52.6			
VPE40PBS [5]S-M5[8]	40	M5×0.8	2.8	51.7	39.3	48.9	
VPE40PBS [5]S-M6[8]		M6×1	3.8	52.7			
VPE40PBS [5]S-M8[8]		M8×1	6	52.9		46.9	
VPE40PBS [5]S-M14[8]		M14×1	12	58.9			
VPE50PBS [5]S-M5[8]	50	M5×0.8	2.8	58.2	45.8	55.4	
VPE50PBS [5]S-M6[8]		M6×1	3.8	59.2			
VPE50PBS [5]S-M8[8]		M8×1	6	59.4		53.4	
VPE50PBS [5]S-M14[8]		M14×1	12	65.4			

※ : [5] : Replaced with Lip hardness code. [8] : Replaced with Oversuction preventing adapter code. See P. 867 for details.

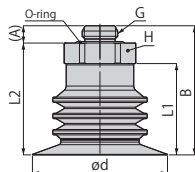


Vacuum Pad Series

Vacuum pad for packaging bag

VPE Fixed type / Direct mount / Parallel pipe thread

Bellows
3 Layers



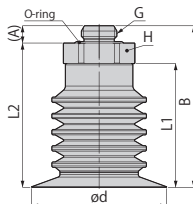
Unit : mm

Model code	Pad O.D. ød	G	A	B	L1	L2	Hex. H	Pad connection configuration code
VPE30PBS 53-G1 8	30	G1/8A	5.3	37.9	25	32.6	24	-PB15
VPE30PBS 53-G2 8		G1/4A	6.4	39				
VPE30PBS 53-G3 8		G3/8A	7.9	40.5			27	
VPE30PBS 53-G4 8		G1/2A	8.4	41				
VPE40PBS 53-G1 8	40	G1/8A	5.3	42.2	29.3	36.9	24	
VPE40PBS 53-G2 8		G1/4A	6.4	43.3				
VPE40PBS 53-G3 8		G3/8A	7.9	44.8			27	
VPE40PBS 53-G4 8		G1/2A	8.4	45.3				
VPE50PBS 53-G1 8	50	G1/8A	5.3	46.7	33.8	41.4	24	
VPE50PBS 53-G2 8		G1/4A	6.4	47.8				
VPE50PBS 53-G3 8		G3/8A	7.9	49.3			27	
VPE50PBS 53-G4 8		G1/2A	8.4	49.8				

※ .(5) : Replaced with Lip hardness code. 8 : Replaced with Oversuction preventing adapter code. See P.867 for details.

VPE Fixed type / Direct mount / Parallel pipe thread

Bellows
5 Layers



Unit : mm

Model code	Pad O.D. ød	G	A	B	L1	L2	Hex. H	Pad connection configuration code	
VPE30PBS 55-G1 8	30	G1/8A	5.3	45.9	33	40.6	24	-PB15	
VPE30PBS 55-G2 8		G1/4A	6.4	47					
VPE30PBS 55-G3 8		G3/8A	7.9	48.5			27		
VPE30PBS 55-G4 8		G1/2A	8.4	49					
VPE40PBS 55-G1 8	40	G1/8A	5.3	52.2	39.3	46.9	24		
VPE40PBS 55-G2 8		G1/4A	6.4	53.3					
VPE40PBS 55-G3 8		G3/8A	7.9	54.8			27		
VPE40PBS 55-G4 8		G1/2A	8.4	55.3					
VPE50PBS 55-G1 8	50	G1/8A	5.3	58.7	45.8	53.4	24		
VPE50PBS 55-G2 8		G1/4A	6.4	59.8					
VPE50PBS 55-G3 8		G3/8A	7.9	61.3			27		
VPE50PBS 55-G4 8		G1/2A	8.4	61.8					

※ : [5] : Replaced with Lip hardness code. [8] : Replaced with Oversuction preventing adapter code.



Vacuum Pad Series

Vacuum pad for packaging bag

■ Construction (Pad holder and Vacuum pad for packaging bag)

■ O-ring (Maintenance parts)

Model code	Holder Thread size
9×2(VMQ)	M8×1
15×2(VMQ)	M14×1
10×2(VMQ)	G1/8A
14×2(VMQ)	G1/4A
17×2(VMQ)	G3/8A
21×2(VMQ)	G1/2A

■ Fixed type, Direct mount holder

Model code	Holder Thread size
VPE-PB15-M5	M5×0.8
VPE-PB15-M6	M6×1
VPE-PB15-M8	M8×1
VPE-PB15-M14	M14×1
VPE-PB15-G1	G1/8A
VPE-PB15-G2	G1/4A
VPE-PB15-G3	G3/8A
VPE-PB15-G4	G1/2A

※ Includes O-ring above.

■ Vacuum pad for packaging bag (Lip hardness: 20°)

Model code	Pad dia. (ø mm)
VP30PBS25	30
VP40PBS25	40
VP50PBS25	50

■ Oversuction preventing adapter (Spherical type)

Model code	Pad dia. (ø mm)
VP30PB-FS	30
VP40PB-FS	40
VP50PB-FS	50

■ Fixed type, Top port holder

Model code	Tube O.D. (ø mm)
VPA-PB15-6J	6
VPA-PB15-8J	8
VPA-PB15-10J	10
VPA-PB15-12J	12

■ Vacuum pad for packaging bag (Lip hardness: 40°)

Model code	Pad. O.D. (ø mm)
VP30PBS45	30
VP40PBS45	40
VP50PBS45	50

■ Oversuction preventing adapter (Plain type)

Model code	Pad dia. (ø mm)
VP30PB-FF	30
VP40PB-FF	40
VP50PB-FF	50



Common Safety Instructions for Vacuum Pads

Before selecting or using PISCO products, read following instructions. Read the detailed instruction for individual series as the instructions below.

Warning

1. Take safety measures in advance where a dropping work-piece can cause danger.
2. Make sure to install a vacuum pad holder securely. Looseness may cause trouble.
3. Pay special attention to the work conveyance by screwed vacuum pads, accompanied by rotary movement. There is a possibility of troubles due to the looseness of screws from the rotary movement.
4. There is a possibility of troubles due to the leakage of vacuum system, clogging, vacuum pad abrasion, crack, deterioration, the galling of slider part in the holder and the looseness in joints. Carry out maintenance inspection periodically.
5. When a work-piece is conveyed by a vacuum pad, consider the acceleration, impacts and wind pressure. Otherwise, the work-piece may drop during conveyance.

Caution

1. Thoroughly read and understand the theoretical suction force in this catalog before selecting diameter, Qty and suction place of vacuum pads. Select vacuum pads with enough margin in suction force.
2. The product incorporating NBR as seal rubber material has a risk of malfunction caused by ozone crack. Ozone exists in high concentrations in static elimination air, clean-room, and near the high-voltage motors, etc. As a countermeasure, material change from NBR to HNBR or FKM is necessary. Consult with PISCO for more information.
3. Select the material of vacuum pad in accordance with use environment and ease of use, referring to "Vacuum Pad Selection Guide" .
4. Select the suitable pad shape (type) in accordance with a work-piece and its shape, referring to "Vacuum Pad Selection Guide" .
5. Select spring-holder type when work-pieces have different heights or are weak against an external force. Select the suitable holder type, referring to spring force and spring length in the catalog.
6. Since spring-holder type has a sliding action, minimize the transverse load. Otherwise, the life time of the holder can be reduced or malfunction of the holder can occur.
7. In replacing vacuum pads, check the structure of holders and pads in the catalog and tighten the hexagonal-column of the holder with a proper tool, referring to the following tightening torque.

● Table. Tightening torque

Vacuum pad holder	Standard	Small
Pad screw size (mm)	Tightening torque (N·m)	
M4×0.7	0.5 ~ 1.0	0.9 ~ 1.1
M6×1	2 ~ 2.7	
M10×1.5	5 ~ 7	—
M20×2	9 ~ 10	—

8. In replacing the adapters of Soft / Soft Bellows Series, check the structure of holders, pad and adapters and tighten the hexagonal-column of the holder with a proper tool, referring to the following tightening torque.

● Table. Tightening torque

Pad screw size (mm)	Tightening torque (N·m)
M4×0.7	0.7 ~ 0.8
M6×1	1.5 ~ 2.0



9. In installing vacuum pad holders of general and small type with bulkhead, check the structure and tighten the hexagonal-column of the holder with a proper tool, referring to the following tightening torque.

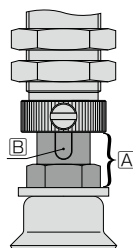
Vacuum pad holder	Standard			Small		
Holder type	VPA	VPC, VPD, VPF, VPHC, VPHD, VPHDW	VPE	VPMA	VPMC, VPMD	VPME
Bulkhead nut size (mm)	Tightening torque (N·m)					
M3×0.5	—	—	0.7	—	—	0.7
M4×0.5	—	—	—	1 ~ 1.2	—	—
M4×0.7	1 ~ 1.2	—	—	—	—	—
M5×0.5	1.5 ~ 2	—	—	1.5 ~ 2	—	—
M5×0.8	—	—	1 ~ 1.5	—	—	1 ~ 1.5
M6×0.75	2 ~ 3	—	—	2 ~ 3		—
M8×0.75	2.5 ~ 3.5	1.8 ~ 2.4	—	2.5 ~ 3.5		—
M8×1	—	1.8 ~ 2.4	—	—	—	—
M10×1	5 ~ 7	4.5 ~ 6	—	5 ~ 7	4 ~ 6	—
M12×1	12 ~ 14	8 ~ 10	—	—	—	—
M14×1	18 ~ 21	4.5 ~ 6	—	—	—	—
M16×1	—	2 ~ 3	—	—	—	—
M20×1	19 ~ 21	—	—	—	—	—
M22×1	—	16 ~ 20	—	—	—	—
M24×2	40 ~ 50	—	—	—	—	—
M30×2	—	42 ~ 54	—	—	—	—

10. In replacing vacuum pad rubbers of Standard Series $\phi 80$, $\phi 100$ mm, $\phi 150$ mm, $\phi 200$ mm and Bellows Series $\phi 80$ mm, $\phi 100$ mm, check the structure of holders and pads and tighten the hexagonal-column of the holder with a proper tool, referring to the following tightening torque.

● Table. Tightening torque

Screw size (mm)	Tightening torque (N·m)
M4×0.7	0.5 ~ 0.7
M5×0.8	

- Check the structure of vacuum pad in the catalog before replacing a filter element.
- Refer to "Common Safety Instructions for Fittings" for handing fitting joint parts.
- In installing spring-holder type, do not hold the shaft  with a spanner. In replacing vacuum pad, hold the hexagonal-column of the shaft with a spanner. If the keyway  is deformed, there is a possibility of malfunction.
- Excessive tightening of a fixing nut may deform the bulkhead part and result in malfunction of the keyway.
- As the nature of rubber, powdery component like additives may come out on the surface of a vacuum pad as time elapses.





Vacuum Pad Selection Guide

Selection Guide 1 ▶ Select the diameter of vacuum pad from the formula ① and chart of the theoretical suction force ②

The theoretical suction force is determined from pad area and vacuum level. Calculated value is for reference only, so carry out the evaluation under an actual operating condition. The theoretical suction force is calculated under a static condition. Obtain an enough margin, considering the weight of a work-piece and acceleration of lifting, pause and rotary movement. Enough room is needed in deciding a number of pads and arrangement position.

① Calculation by formula

$$W = \frac{C \times P}{101} \times 10.13 \times f$$

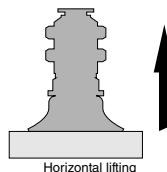
W : Suction force (N)

C : Pad area (cm²)

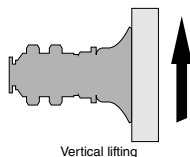
P : Vacuum level (-kPa)

f : Safety factor Horizontal lifting (refer to the right fig.) ▶ 1/4

Vertical lifting (refer to the right fig.) ▶ 1/8



Horizontal lifting



Vertical lifting

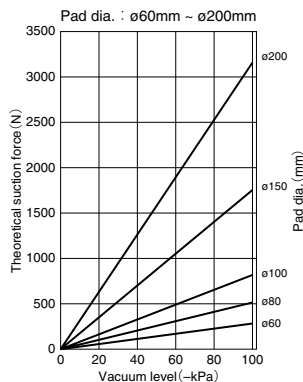
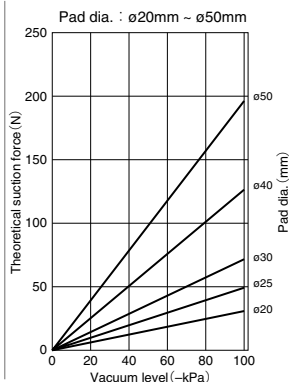
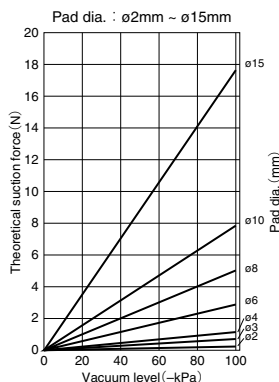
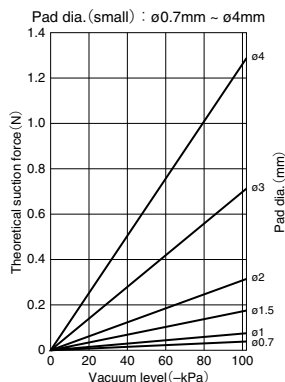
*1. Refer to the following chart for Sponge Series. (Internal diameter is used for calculation)

*2. Refer to the following chart for Flat Series. (Pad grooves are used for calculation)

*3. As for Bellows, Multi-Bellows, Soft, Soft Bellows and Ultrathin Series, their theoretical suction force may exceed the strength of pad itself, depending on the vacuum level. Carry out the evaluation under an actual operating condition.

② Chart of the theoretical suction force (Add safety factor to values from the chart)

Standard / Bellows / Multi-bellows / Soft / Soft bellows / Skidproof / Ultrathin / Mark-free (*)



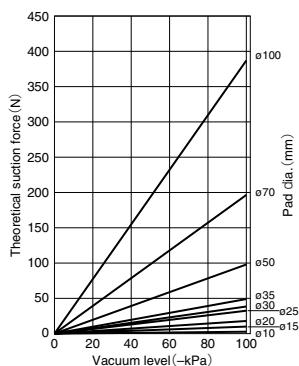
*. Some sizes are not available for some pad series. Refer to the following size list.

Pad type	Standard	Bellows	Multi-bellows	Soft	Soft bellows	Skidproof	Ultrathin	Mark-free
ø0.7~ø3	●	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ø4	●	—	—	●	—	—	—	—
ø6	●	●	—	●	●	—	—	—
ø8	●	●	—	●	●	—	●	—
ø10	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
ø15	●	●	—	●	●	—	●	—
ø20	●	●	●	—	●	●	●	●
ø25	●	●	—	—	—	—	—	—
ø30	●	●	●	●	—	●	—	●
ø40	●	●	●	●	—	●	—	—
ø50	●	●	●	—	—	●	—	—
ø60	●	●	—	—	—	—	—	—
ø80	●	●	—	—	—	—	—	—
ø100	●	●	—	—	—	—	—	—
ø150	●	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ø200	●	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

● indicates that pad size is available.

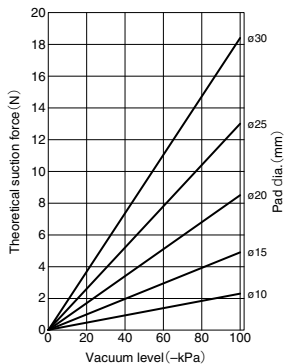
Sponge pad

Pad dia. : $\phi 10\text{mm} \sim \phi 100\text{mm}$



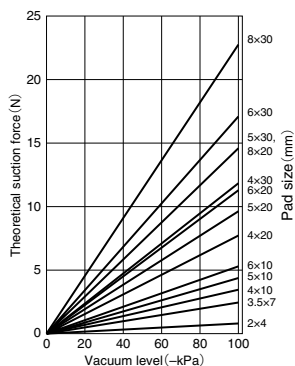
Flat pad

Pad dia. : $\phi 10\text{mm} \sim \phi 30\text{mm}$



Oval pad


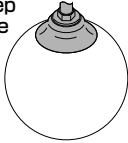

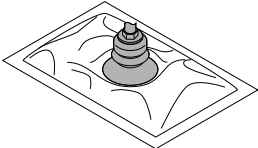
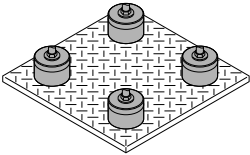
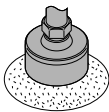
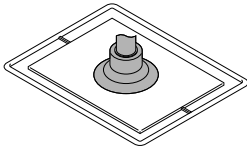
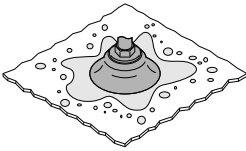
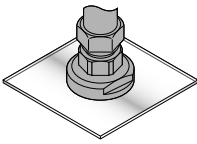
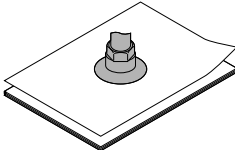
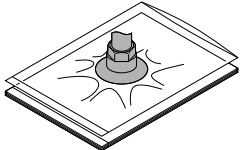
Pad size : $2 \times 4\text{mm} \sim 8 \times 30\text{mm}$





Selection Guide 2 ▶ Select a vacuum pad type according to a work-piece

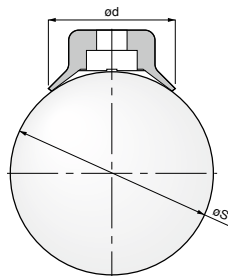
Please select suitable pads for your application from the following.

Standard Series			Bellows / Multi-bellows Series
General type 	Deep type 	Small type 	
Thick & flat work-piece	Round fruit or ball (*1)	Small work-piece or semiconductor product	Food package
Sponge Series		Oval Series	
			
Exterior wall panel, pebble, seashell		Long work-piece (e.g. circuit board and semiconductor product)	
Soft / Soft bellows Series	Skidproof Series		Mark-free Series
			
Molded parts / Fragile work-piece	Greasy work-piece such as pressed parts		LCD glass / in Painting process / semiconductor
Ultrathin Series		Flat Series	
			
Thin work-piece such as paper or plastic bag		Thin work-piece such as sheet or plastic bag	

*1. The table below is a reference for the vacuum pad deep type and the size of round work-piece.

Spherical dia : S (mm)	ø20	ø30	ø40	ø50	ø80	ø100	ø120	ø160	ø200
Pad dia. : d (mm)	ø15	ø20	ø25	ø30	ø40	ø50	ø60	ø80	ø100

*2. Refer to the previous page for pad dia. selection except deep type. Refer to the next page for the characteristics of pad materials.



Selection Guide 3 ▶ Select a vacuum pad material from an application

Please select the suitable material from the table.

Item	Pad material	Nitrile rubber	NBR Suited for the food sanitation act. (Japan)	HNBR	Silicone rubber	Conductive Silicone rubber	Urethane rubber	Fluoro rubber	Fluorosilicone rubber	EPDM	Conductive Butadiene rubber (Low resistance type)	Conductive NBR (low resistance)	Chloroprene rubber (For Sponge type)	Silicone rubber (For Sponge Type)		
	Material code	N, NH(*1)	G	HN	S	SE	U	F	FS	EP	E	NE	—	S		
Application		Cardboard Plywood Metal plate Food-related Other general work		Cardboard Plywood Metal plate Food-related Other general work In use under a low ozone concentration environment	Semiconductors Taking out molded parts Thin work-piece Food-related		Cardboard Plywood Metal plate	Chemical environment High temp. work-pieces	Taking out molded parts	Application that requires light-resistant or ozone-proof In use under in the moisture-containing atmosphere	General parts of semiconductors	Semiconductors	Uneven work-piece	Uneven work-piece Food-related		
Pad color		Black	Gray	Black	Translucent	Black	Blue	Gray	Salmon	Black	Black	Black	Black	Salmon		
Physical Properties	Surface hardness (Shore A)	Standard	50°~80°	60°~70°	50°~70°	50°	60°	55°~70°	60°~70°	—	50°~70°	70°	60°~70°	—	—	
		Bellows	50°	—	50°	50°	60°	55°	60°	—	50°	—	60°	—	—	
		Multi-bellows	50°	50°	50°	50°	—	55°	50°	—	50°	—	60°	—	—	
		Oval	40°~50°	—	50°	40°~50°	50°~60°	55°(*2)	50°(*2)	—	50°	70°	70°	—	—	
		Soft	40°	—	—	40°	60°	—	—	40°	—	—	50°	—	—	
		Soft bellows	40°	—	50°	40°	—	55°	—	—	50°	—	60°	—	—	
		Skidproof	50°	—	—	50°	—	55°	60°	—	—	—	60°	—	—	
		UlthraThin	40°	—	—	40°	—	55°	50°	40°	—	—	60°	—	—	
		Flat	60°	—	—	40°	40°	50°	50°	—	—	—	60°	—	—	
	Highest operating temp.		110℃		140℃		180℃		60℃	230℃	180℃	150℃	100℃	110℃	80℃	180℃
	Lowest operating temp.		-30℃		-30℃		-40℃		-20℃	-10℃	-50℃	-40℃	-50℃	-30℃	-45℃	-40℃
	Weatherability		△		○		◎		○		○		○		◎	
	Ozone-proof		×		○		◎		◎		◎		×		◎	
	Acid-resistance		△		△		○		×		◎		△		△	
	Alkaline-resistance		○		○		◎		×		×		◎		◎	
	Oil	(Gasoline oil)	◎		◎		△		◎		△		×		△	
	resistance	(Benzene/toluene)	△		×		△		◎		×		×		△	
	Volume resistance		—		—		Max.10 ¹¹ Ω·cm		—		—		Max.2000Ω·cm		Max.2000Ω·cm	

Legend ◎ : Best
○ : Suitable
△ : Good
× : NG

*1. Material code **NH** is only applicable to Skidproof Series.

*2. It does not apply to pad size: 4×30mm.

Note 1) The above "Physical Properties" shows the data of general synthetic rubbers.

Note 2) The highest / lowest operating temp. are for momentary usage. Carry out durability evaluation in case of continuous usage under the highest / lowest operating temp.

Please select the suitable vacuum pad resin material from the table.

Item	Pad material		PEEK	POM	Conductive PEEK
	Material code	Mark free series	K	M	KE
		Resin attachment for Bellows series	-QK	-QM	-QKE
Application			Semiconductor/ Manufacturing machine for liquid crystal	General production line Food-related machine Packaging machine	Semiconductors/ Manufacturing machine for liquid crystal Electronic components
Pad color			Natural (ivory)	White	Black
Physical Properties		Highest operating temp.	250°C	95°C	250°C
		Lowest operating temp.	-50°C	-60°C	-50°C
		Weatherability	○	×	○
		Acid-resistance	○	×	○
		Alkaline-resistance	○	△	○
		Self-lubricity	○	○	○
		Abrasion-resistance	○	○	○
		Volume resistance	—	—	$10^5\text{--}10^6\Omega\cdot\text{cm}$

Legend ○ : Best
○ : Suitable
△ : Good
× : NG

Note 1) The above "Physical Properties" shows the data of pad resin material only. The holder of Mark-free Series is not included.

Note 2) The above "Physical Properties" shows the data of resin attachment only. The pad rubber is not included.

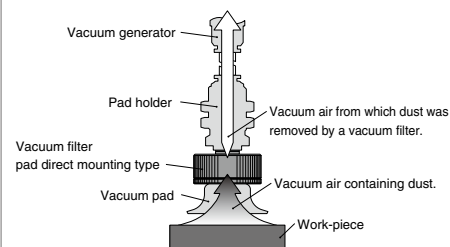
Note 3) The above "Physical Properties" shows general properties of resin materials and not a guaranteed value. Carry out the necessary evaluation under an actual operating condition.

Note 4) The highest / lowest operating temp. is for momentary usage. Carry out durability evaluation in case of continuous usage under the highest / lowest operating temp.

Note 5) Volume resistance is a representative value from the material manufacture, and not a guaranteed value.

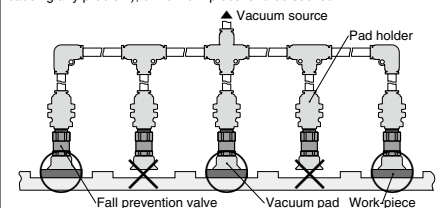
To prevent dust from getting into the pad holder.

Install a vacuum filter pad direct mounting type between a vacuum pad and a holder.



To operate several vacuum pads by single vacuum source.

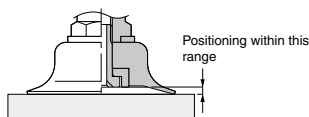
Installing a fall prevention valve between a vacuum pad and a holder prevents the troubles like system break down, minimizing the vacuum drop of the whole system automatically by reducing suction flow of the part where the work-piece falls from the vacuum pad (within the range not causing any problem), or no work-piece is to be sucked.



Reference Guide for Vacuum Pad

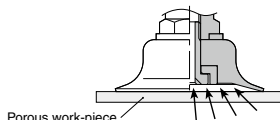
Impact on pad

Avoid an impact or a large force on a vacuum pad, when it is pressed against a work-piece. It may cause deformation, crack or abrasion at an early stage of use. Adjust the pad position so that the lip of pad touches lightly on a work-piece. Especially a small type of vacuum pad should be positioned precisely.



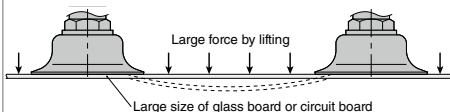
Porous or perforated work-piece

Since the suction of a porous work-piece causes a drop of suction force, select the proper specifications of vacuum system and secure a larger effective cross-section area of the piping. Selecting a small type of vacuum pad is one of solutions to reduce the air leakage.



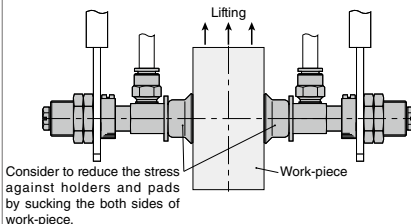
Large and wide flat plate work-piece

When lifting large size of glass board or circuit board, work-piece may bend by the lifting acceleration or the self-weight. Select a proper size of pad and positioning, considering an enough margin of suction force.



Lifting work-piece, sucking the both side of it

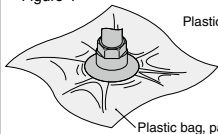
Since all vacuum pad holders are designed for horizontal lifting, consider the strength of holders and pads.



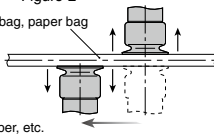
Soft work-piece

When soft work-pieces such as plastic bags, papers or thin boards are sucked, work-pieces can be deformed or shrunk by vacuum suction (Figure-1). Select smaller vacuum pads and reduce the vacuum pressure. Smaller vacuum pads are suitable for plastic bags and papers. When plastic / paper bags are opened by using vacuum pads, shift the center of two vacuum pads slightly in order to open them easily as Figure-2 shows.

● Figure-1

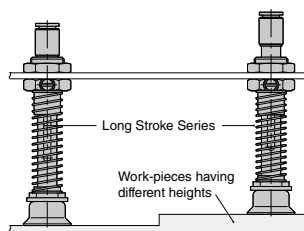


● Figure-2



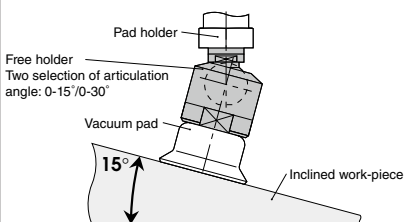
Work-piece with different heights

Select Long Stroke Series for work-pieces having different heights, or piled-up work-pieces. Its stroke can absorb the difference in height.



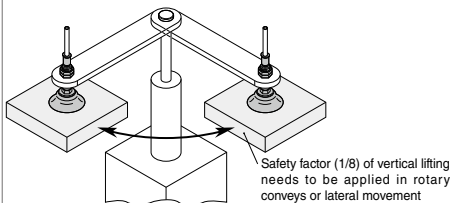
Inclined work-piece

Select Free Holder for an inclined work-piece.



Conveyance with rotary movement

When vacuum pad is fixed with a screw and has a rotary movement, the pad may drop due to the loosened screw. Pay special attention when the vacuum location of work-piece is off the center of work-piece gravity.





Vacuum Pad

■ Pad dia. list by pad type and material

Pad material		N : Nitrile rubber							
Pad type	Standard			Bellows	Multi-Bellows	Soft	Soft bellows	Ultrathin	Flat
	General type	Deep type	Small type						
Pad dia. (mm)	ø0.7			●					
	ø1	●		●					
	ø1.5			●					
	ø2	●		●					
	ø3	●		●					
	ø4	●		●					
	ø6	●			●		●		
	ø8	●			●		●	●	
	ø10	●			●	●	●	●	●
	ø15	●	●		●	●	●	●	●
	ø20	●	●		●	●	●	●	●
	ø25	●	●		●				●
	ø30	●	●		●	●			●
	ø40	●	●		●	●			
	ø50	●	●		●				
	ø60	●	●		●				
	ø80	●	●		●				
	ø100	●	●		●				
	ø150	●							
	ø200	●							

※ ● : available

Pad material		S : Silicone rubber									
Pad type	Standard			Bellows	Multi-Bellows	Soft	Soft bellows	Flat	Skidproof	Ultrathin	Sponge
	General type	Deep type	Small type								
Pad dia. (mm)	ø0.7		●								
	ø1	●	●								
	ø1.5		●								
	ø2	●	●								
	ø3	●	●								
	ø4	●	●			●					
	ø6	●		●		●	●				
	ø8	●		●		●	●			●	
	ø10	●		●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	ø15	●	●	●		●	●	●		●	●
	ø20	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	ø25	●	●	●				●			●
	ø30	●	●	●	●	●		●	●		●
	ø35										●
	ø40	●	●	●	●	●			●		
	ø50	●	●	●	●				●		●
	ø60	●	●	●							
	ø70										●
	ø80	●	●	●							
	ø100	●	●	●							●
	ø150	●									
	ø200	●									

※ ● : available

Pad material		U : Urethane rubber								
Pad type	Pad dia. (mm)	Standard			Bellows	Multi-Bellows	Soft bellows	Skidproof	Ultrathin	Flat
		General type	Deep type	Small type						
ø0.7				●						
ø1		●		●						
ø1.5				●						
ø2		●		●						
ø3		●		●						
ø4		●		●						
ø6		●			●		●			
ø8		●			●		●		●	
ø10		●			●	●	●	●	●	●
ø15		●	●		●		●		●	●
ø20		●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●
ø25		●	●		●					●
ø30		●	●		●	●		●		●
ø40		●	●		●	●		●		
ø50		●	●		●	●		●		
ø60		●	●		●					
ø80		●	●		●					
ø100		●	●		●					
ø150		●								
ø200		●								

※ ● : available

Pad material		F : Fluoro rubber							G : NBR Suited for the food sanitation act. (Japan)			
Pad type	Pad dia. (mm)	Standard			Bellows	Multi-Bellows	Skidproof	Ultrathin	Flat	Standard		
		General type	Deep type	Small type						General type	Deep type	Small type
ø0.7				●								●
ø1		●		●						●		●
ø1.5				●								●
ø2		●		●						●		●
ø3		●		●						●		●
ø4		●		●						●		●
ø6		●			●					●		
ø8		●			●			●		●		
ø10		●			●	●	●	●	●	●		●
ø15		●	●		●			●	●	●	●	
ø20		●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
ø25		●	●		●				●	●	●	
ø30		●	●		●	●	●		●	●	●	●
ø40		●	●		●	●	●		●	●	●	●
ø50		●	●		●	●	●		●	●	●	●
ø60		●	●		●							
ø80		●	●		●							
ø100		●	●		●							
ø150		●										
ø200		●										

※ ● : available



Vacuum Pad

Pad material		SE : Conductive Silicone rubber					E : Conductive Butadiene rubber (Low resistance type)		S : Chloroprene rubber	NH : Oilproof NBR
Pad type		Standard		Bellows	Soft	Flat	Standard		Sponge	Skidproof
		General type	Small type				General type	Small type		
Pad dia. (mm)	ø0.7		●					●		
	ø1	●	●				●	●		
	ø1.5		●					●		
	ø2	●	●				●	●		
	ø3	●	●				●	●		
	ø4	●	●		●		●	●		
	ø6	●		●	●		●			
	ø8	●		●	●		●			
	ø10	●		●	●	●	●		●	●
	ø15	●		●	●	●	●		●	
	ø20	●		●	●	●	●		●	●
	ø25	●		●		●	●		●	
	ø30	●		●	●	●	●		●	●
	ø35								●	
	ø40	●		●	●		●			●
	ø50	●		●			●		●	●
	ø60	●		●						
	ø70								●	
	ø80	●		●						
	ø100	●		●					●	
	ø150	●								
	ø200	●								

※ ● : available

Pad material		NE : Conductive NBR (low resistance)									
Pad type	Standard			Bellows	Multi-Bellows	Soft	Soft bellows	Skidproof	Ultrathin	Flat	
	General type	Deep type	Small type								
Pad dia. (mm)	ø0.7			●							
	ø1	●		●							
	ø1.5			●							
	ø2	●		●							
	ø3	●		●							
	ø4	●		●			●				
	ø6	●			●		●	●			
	ø8	●			●		●	●	●		
	ø10	●			●	●	●	●	●	●	
	ø15	●	●		●		●	●	●	●	
	ø20	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●	
	ø25	●	●		●					●	
	ø30	●	●		●	●		●		●	
	ø40	●	●		●	●	●	●			
	ø50	●	●		●	●		●			
	ø60	●	●		●						
	ø80	●			●						
	ø100	●	●		●						
	ø150	●									
	ø200	●									

※ ● : available

Pad material		HN : HNBR					EP : EPDM					FS : Fluorosilicone rubber	
Pad type	General type	Standard		Bellows	Multi-Bellows	Soft bellows	Standard		Bellows	Multi-Bellows	Soft bellows	Soft	Ultrathin
		Deep type	Small type				Deep type	Small type					
Pad dia. (mm)	ø0.7		●					●					
	ø1	●		●			●		●				
	ø1.5		●					●					
	ø2	●		●			●		●				
	ø3	●		●			●		●				
	ø4	●		●			●		●			●	
	ø6	●		●		●			●		●	●	
	ø8	●		●		●	●		●		●	●	●
	ø10	●		●	●	●	●		●	●	●	●	●
	ø15	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	ø20	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	ø25	●	●	●			●	●	●				
	ø30	●	●	●	●		●	●	●	●		●	
	ø40	●	●	●	●		●	●	●	●		●	
	ø50	●	●	●	●		●	●	●	●			
	ø60	●	●	●			●	●	●				
	ø80	●	●	●			●	●	●				
	ø100	●	●	●			●	●	●				
	ø150	●					●						
	ø200	●					●						

※ ● : available

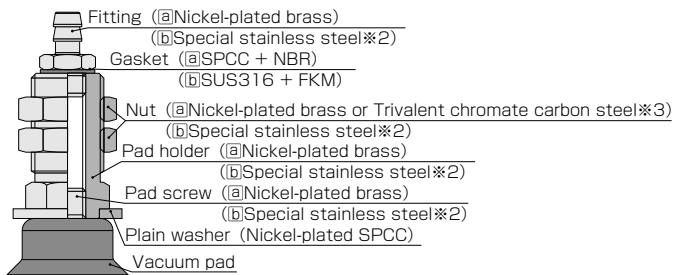
Pad material		N	S	U	F	SE	E	NE	HN	EP
		Nitrile rubber	Silicone rubber	Urethane rubber	Fluoro rubber	Conductive Silicone rubber	Conductive Butadiene rubber (Low resistance type)	Chloroprene rubber	HN HNBR	EP EPDM
Pad type		Oval								
Pad size (mm)	2×4	●	●	●	●	●		●	●	●
	3.5×7	●	●	●	●	●		●	●	●
	4×10	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	4×20	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	4×30	●	●			●	●	●	●	●
	5×10	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	5×20	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	5×30	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	6×10	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	6×20	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	6×30	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	8×20	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	8×30	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●

※ ● : available

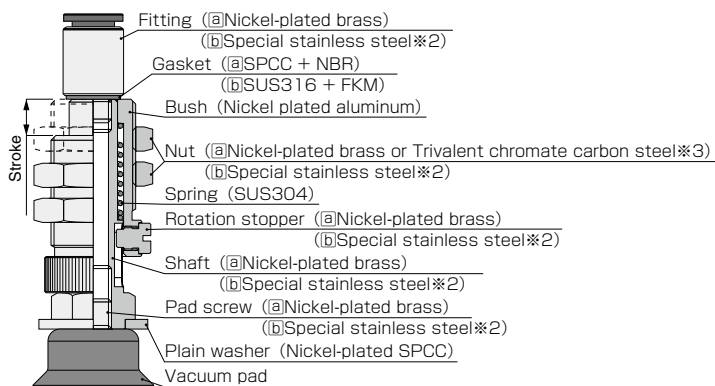
Pad material		K : PEEK	M : POM	KE : Conductive PEEK	G2K : PEEK	G2M : POM	G2KE : Conductive PEEK
Pad type		Mark free			Resin attachment for Bellows series		
Pad size (mm)	ø10	●	●	●	●	●	●
	ø15				●	●	●
	ø20	●	●	●	●	●	●
	ø25				●	●	●
	ø30	●	●	●	●	●	●

※ ● : available

Construction (VPA holder : Fixed type / Top port)



Construction (VPC holder : Spring type / Top port)



※ 1. Ⓐ : Standard spec. Ⓑ : "S3" spec.

※ 2. Equivalent Corrosion Resistance to SUS303

※ 3. Nut material differs depending on the bulkhead thread size.

Bulkhead thread size (mm)	Nut material	
	Nickel-plated brass	Trivalent chromate carbon steel
M5×0.5	○	—
M6×0.75	○	—
M8×0.75	○	—
M10×1	○	—
M12×1	—	○
M14×1	—	○
M16×1	—	○
M20×1	—	○
M22×1	—	○
M24×2	○	—
M30×2	○	—



Safety Instructions

This Safety Instructions aim to prevent personal injury and damage to properties by requiring proper use of PISCO products.

Be certain to follow ISO 4414 and JIS B 8370.

ISO 4414 : Pneumatic fluid power...General rules and safety requirements for system and their components.

JIS B 8370 : General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components.

This Safety instructions are classified into "Danger", "Warning" and "Caution", depending on the degree of danger or damages caused by improper use of PISCO products.



Danger

Hazardous conditions. It can cause death or serious personal injury.



Warning

Hazardous conditions depending on usages. Improper Use of PISCO products can cause death or serious personal injury.



Caution

Hazardous conditions depending on usages. Improper use of PISCO products can cause personal injury or damages to properties.



Danger

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1. Do not use PISCO products for the following applications.
 - ①. Equipment used for maintaining / handling human life and body.
 - ②. Equipment used for moving / transporting human.
 - ③. Equipment specifically used for safety purposes.



Warning

1. Selection of pneumatic products.
 - ① A user who is a pneumatic system designer or has sufficient experience and technical expertise should select PISCO products.
 - ② Due to wide variety of operating conditions and applications for PISCO products, carry out the analysis and evaluation on PISCO products. The pneumatic system designer is solely responsible for assuring that the user's requirements are met and that the application presents no health or safety hazards. All designers are required to fully understand the specifications of PISCO products and constitute all systems based on the latest catalog or information, considering any malfunction.
2. Usage environment

Do not use PISCO products under the following conditions.

 - ①. Beyond the specifications or conditions stated in the catalog, or the instructions.
 - ②. Use at outdoors.
 - ③. Excessive vibrations and impacts.
 - ④. Exposure / adhere to corrosive gas, flammable gas, chemicals, seawater, water and vapor.

3. Handling of product

- ①. The pneumatic equipments shall be handled by a person having enough knowledge and experiences. Improper use of compressed air is dangerous. Assembly, operation and maintenance of machines using pneumatic equipment should be conducted by a person with enough knowledge and experience.
- ②. Do not operate machine / equipment or remove pneumatic equipment until safety is confirmed.
 - (1). Make sure that preventive measures against falling work-pieces or sudden movements of machine are completed before inspection or maintenance of these machine.
 - (2). Make sure the above preventive measures are completed. A compressed air supply and the power supply to the machine must be off, and also the compressed air in the systems must be exhausted.
 - (3). Restart the machines with care after ensuring to take all preventive measures against sudden movements.
- ③. Do not disassemble or modify PISCO products, which affect the performance, function, and basic structure of the product.
- ④. Take safety measures such as providing a protection cover if there is a risk of causing damages or fire on machine / facilities by a fluid leakage.
- ⑤. Do not touch the release-ring of push-in fitting when there is a working pressure.
- ⑥. Frequent switchover of compressed air may generate heat, and there is a risk of causing burn injury.
- ⑦. Avoid any load on PISCO products, such as, a tensile strength, twisting and bending. Otherwise, there is a risk of causing damage to the products.
- ⑧. Do not use PISCO products for applications where threads or tubes swing / rotate. The product can be damaged in these applications.
- ⑨. Do not force the product to rotate or swing even its resin body is rotatable. It may cause damage to the product and a fluid leakage.
- ⑩. Do not supply excessively dry air to products. It may cause malfunction due to a deterioration of rubber parts.
- ⑪. Do not wash or paint products with water or solvent. Solvent may damage a resin body, or painting may cause malfunction.
- ⑫. The product incorporating NBR as seal rubber material has a risk of malfunction caused by ozone crack. Ozone exists in high concentrations in static elimination air, clean-room, and near the high-voltage motors, etc. As a countermeasure, material change from NBR to HNBR or FKM is necessary. Consult with PISCO for more information.
- ⑬. Do not stand on a product, or put anything on it. It may cause falls, personal injury or damage to the product.

Warranty

When the product produces a trouble, which is caused by our responsibility, we will carry out either one of the following measures immediately.

- ①. Free-of-charge replacement of same product
- ②. Free-of-charge repair of the product at our factory

Disclaimer

1. PISCO does not take any responsibility for any incidental or indirect loss, such as production line stop, interruption of business, loss of benefits, personal injury, etc., caused by any failure on use or application of PISCO products.
2. When a cause of the trouble/malfunction applies to any of the following items, it is excluded from the coverage of the above warranty.
 - ①. A case by a natural disaster, a fire except our responsibility, the act by the third person/party, the intention or fault of the customer.
 - ②. A case when a product is used out of the specific range or the method listed in the product catalog or the instruction manual.
 - ③. A case by the remodeling of the product or by a change of structure, performance, or specifications which PISCO does not involved in.
 - ④. A case by the event that is unpredictable by the evaluations and the measures at the time on or before the initial delivery.
 - ⑤. A case caused by the phenomenon that is able to be evaded if your machine or equipment has functions or structures that are comprised in a common sense when this product is incorporated in your machine or equipment.
3. The damages caused by the defect of PISCO products shall be covered but limited to the full amount of the PISCO products paid by the customer. Additionally, the above warranty is limited simply to the product itself. The damage induced by the trouble of the product will not be compensated.



Common Safety Instructions for Products Listed in This Catalog

Caution

1. An odd noise may be heard when supply pressures are immediately before the peak of vacuum levels. The sounding of this odd noise means the characteristics are unstable and the sound may become even noisier. This situation can also adversely affect the sensor, resulting in a malfunction or trouble. So reset the supply pressure.
 - ※. Pressure range in which odd noise occurs is affected by atmospheric pressure.
2. Piping design and equipment selection should be made with an effective sectional area on supply pressure side of a vacuum generator being 3 times as large as the nozzle diameter as a standard. Insufficient air flow may impair the performance of the product.
3. Do not use a lubricator on products.
4. Clean or replace silencer element periodically. There is a possibility of dropping the performance or causing troubles by clogging on the element.
5. Keep products away from water, oil drops or dusts because they are neither drip-proof nor dust-proof. Otherwise there is a possibility of causing malfunction, damage to the products, or dropping the performance.
6. Piping
 - ①. Compressed air contains a volume of drain (water, oxidized oil and foreign material, etc.) Because the drain reduce product performance remarkably, dehumidify air with an aftercooler and a dryer, and improve the air quality.
 - ②. Do not use a lubricator on products.
 - ③. Rust in pipe and inflow of foreign substances cause the trouble, malfunction, and degradation of the product. Please install a filter (5 μ m or better filtration) in the compressed air supply line right in front of the product. The flushing inside the pipe before use and in certain intervals is recommended.
 - ④. Remove dusts or drain before piping. They may get into the peripheral machine / facilities and cause malfunction.
 - ⑤. When inserting an ultra-soft tube into push-in fitting, make sure to place an Insert Ring into the tube edge. There is a risk of causing the escape of tube and a fluid leakage without using an Insert Ring.
 - ⑥. Arrange piping avoiding any load on fittings and tubes such as twist, tensile, moment load, shaking and physical impact. These may cause damages to fittings, tube deformations, bursting and the escape of tubes.
 - ⑦. Install protective cover when using at a place getting the direct sunlight.
 - ⑧. Be sure to confirm each port of a vacuum generator with its appearance drawing or the marking on it before piping. Incorrect piping has a risk of damaging the product.
 - ⑨. Plumb a pressure sensor and a vacuum generator with pressure sensor at the end of vacuum system as much as possible. A long distance between a pressure sensor and a vacuum system end may increase plumbing resistance which may lead to a high vacuum level at the sensor even when no suctioning and a malfunction of pressure sensor. Make sure to evaluate the products in an actual system.

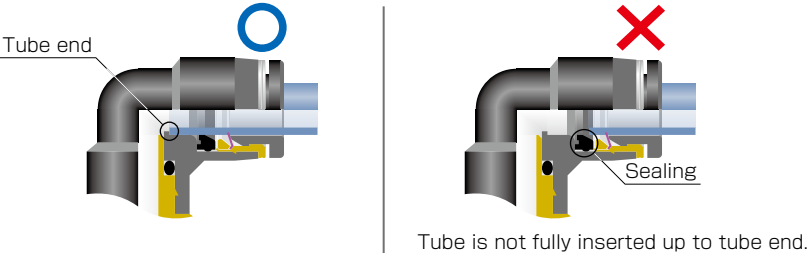
- ⑩. A Shorter distance of plumbing with a wider bore is preferable at vacuum system side. A long plumbing with a small bore may result in slow response time at the time of releasing work-piece as well as in failure to secure adequate suction flow rate.
- ⑪. In case of using non-PISCO brand tubes, make sure the tolerance of the outer tube diameter is within the limits of Table 1.

● Table 1. Tube O.D. Tolerance

mm size	Nylon tube	Polyurethane tube	inch size	Nylon tube	Polyurethane tube
ø1.8mm	—	±0.05mm	ø1/8	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø2mm	—	±0.05mm	ø5/32	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø3mm	—	±0.15mm	ø3/16	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø4mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm	ø1/4	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø6mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm	ø5/16	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø8mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm	ø3/8	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø10mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm	ø1/2	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø12mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm	ø5/8	±0.1mm	±0.15mm
ø16mm	±0.1mm	±0.15mm			

7-1. Tube insertion (Push-in fitting)

- ①. Make sure that the cut end surface of the tube is at a right angle without a scratch on the tube surface or deformations.
- ②. When inserting a tube, the tube needs to be inserted fully into the push-in fitting until the tubing edge touches the tube end of the fitting as shown in the figure below. Otherwise, there is a risk of leakage.



- ③. After inserting the tube, make sure it is inserted properly and not to be disconnected by pulling it moderately.
- ※. When inserting tubes, Lock-claws may be hardly visible in the hole, observed from the front face of the release-ring. But it does not mean the tube will surely escape. Major causes of the tube escape are the followings; ① Shear drop of the lock-claws edge ② The problem of tube diameter (usually small). Therefore, follow the above instructions from ① to ③, even lock-claws is hardly visible.

7-2. Tube insertion (Compression fitting)

- ①. Make sure that the cut end surface of the tube is at a right angle without deformations or a scratch on its inner and outer surface.

- ②. Pass the tube through the nut and insert the barb into the tube up to the barb end. Then tighten the hexagonal-column of the nut with a proper tool.
- ③. Refer to Table 2 which shows the tightening torque.
※. Hold the tube when tightening the nut, since the tube may rotate along with the nut.
- ④. Make sure that the nut touches the metallic body. If not, loosen the nut, disconnect the tube and start over again from the process ①.
- ⑤. Make sure that there is no leakage after tightening the nut.
- ⑥. After inserting the tube, make sure it is inserted properly and not to be disconnected by pulling it moderately.

● Table 2. Nut tightening torque

Tube O.D.	Tightening torque
ø10	Max.4N·m
ø12	Max.5N·m
ø16	Max.14N·m

8-1. Tube disconnection (Push-in fitting)

- ①. Make sure there is no air pressure inside of the tube, before disconnecting it.
- ②. Push the release-ring of the push-in fitting evenly and deeply enough to pull out the tube toward oneself. By insufficient pushing of the release-ring, the tube may not be pulled out or damaged by scratch, and tube shavings may remain inside of the fitting, which may cause the leakage later.

8-2. Tube disconnection (Compression fitting)

- ①. Make sure there is no air pressure inside of the tube, before disconnecting it.
- ②. Use a proper tool to loosen the nut. Then disconnect the tube.

9. Installation of a fitting

- ①. When installing a fitting, use proper tools to tighten a hexagonal-column or an inner hexagonal socket. When inserting a hex key into the inner hexagonal socket of the fitting, be careful so that the tool does not touch lock-claws. The deformation of lock-claws may result in a poor performance of systems or an escape of the tube.
- ②. Refer to Table 3 which shows the tightening torque. Do not exceed these limits to tighten a thread. Excessive tightening may break the thread part or deform the gasket to cause a fluid leakage. Tightening thread with tightening torque lower than these limits may cause a loosened thread or a fluid leakage. Since the sealability is affected by the processing condition of the installing part, adjust the tightening torque or correct the installing part, according to the condition.
- ③. Adjust the tube direction while tightening thread within these limits, since some PISCO products are not rotatable after the installation.

● Table 3. Tightening torque / Sealock color / Gasket materials

Thread type	Thread size	Tightening torque	Sealock color	Gasket material
Metric thread	M3 × 0.5	0.7N·m	n/a	SUS304+NBR SPCC+NBR
	M5 × 0.8	1 ~ 1.5N·m		
	M6 × 1	2 ~ 2.7N·m		
	M3 × 0.5	0.7N·m		POM
	M5 × 0.8	1 ~ 1.5N·m		
	M6 × 0.75	0.8 ~ 1N·m		
	M8 × 0.75	1 ~ 2N·m		
Taper pipe thread	R1/8	4.5 ~ 6.5N·m	White	—
	R1/4	7 ~ 9N·m		
	R3/8	12.5 ~ 14.5N·m		
	R1/2	20 ~ 22N·m		
Unified thread	No.10-32UNF	1 ~ 1.5N·m	n/a	SUS304+NBR, SPCC+NBR
National Pipe Thread Taper (American standard)	1/16-27NPT	4.5 ~ 6.5N·m	White	—
	1/8-27NPT	4.5 ~ 6.5N·m		
	1/4-18NPT	7 ~ 9N·m		
	3/8-18NPT	12.5 ~ 14.5N·m		
	1/2-14NPT	20 ~ 22N·m		
G thread	G1/4	12 ~ 14N·m	n/a	Aluminum + PBT
	G3/8	22 ~ 24N·m		
	G1/2	28 ~ 30N·m		

※. These values may differ for some products. Refer to each specification as well.

- ④. When removing a fitting, use proper tools to loosen a hexagonal-column or an inner hexagonal socket. When inserting a hex key into the inner hexagonal socket of the fitting, be careful so that the tool does not touch lock-claws. The deformation of lock-claws may result in a poor performance of systems or an escape of the tube.
- ⑤. Remove the sealant stuck on the mating equipment. The remained sealant may get into the peripheral equipment and cause malfunctions.

10. Handling of fitting

- ①. Impact caused by dropping or the like may lead to damage to the product and a fluid leakage.